

STANBURN PRIMARY SCHOOL



Special Educational Needs and Inclusion Policy

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Name and Signature:	C Crane

Stanburn Primary School

Special Educational Needs and Inclusion Policy

Stanburn Primary School is an inclusive school where all children are given the opportunity to flourish. We recognise and value children's individual strengths, interests and learning styles and work as a team to support children with identified Special Educational Needs (SEN).

Our Special Educational Needs and Inclusion policy has been written with full regard to the Special Educational Needs and Disability Code of Practice 2015, the Children and Families Act 2014, the Equality Act 2010, Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018 and Keeping Children Safe in Education 2024.

Aims

- We aim to provide an environment in which all children have access to a broad and balanced curriculum and remove barriers to learning wherever possible.
- We aim to ensure that any special educational need is identified as early as possible and to ensure that systems are in place so that these needs are met.
- We aim to respond flexibly to children's diverse and often changing needs so as to include them in all aspects of school life. This will include providing special help with particular difficulties.
- We believe in developing a strong partnership with parents and carers so as to support children with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) as effectively as possible. Parents will be provided with the relevant information.
- We believe in involving children in the decision making which affects their provision, of a level consistent with their understanding.
- We aim to work closely with outside agencies so as to meet children's needs as effectively as possible.
- We aim to provide high quality support for pupils with SEND to ensure they make progress and support them to make a successful transition into secondary school for the next stage of their educational journey.

Definition of Special Educational Needs

At Stanburn Primary School we recognise that a child has special educational needs if he or she has a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made.

Special Educational Provision is educational provision that is additional to or different from that made generally for other children of the same age.

A child has a learning difficulty or disability if he/she:

- Has significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of children of the same age.
- Has a disability which prevents or hinders the child from making use of educational facilities of a kind provided for children of the same age in other schools in the Local Authority.

We also recognise that very able children and those with particular gifts and/or talents may also have special educational needs.

Children must not be regarded as having learning difficulties solely because their language, or form of the home language, is different from that in which they are taught.

Definition of Disability

Where a disabled child requires special educational provision they will be covered by SEN definition. According to the Equality Act 2010:

- A person has a disability if he or she has a physical or mental impairment that has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on his or her ability to carry out normal day to day activities.
- 'Long-term' means that the effect of the impairment has lasted or is likely to last for at least twelve months.
- 'Normal day to day activities' include everyday things like eating, washing, walking and going shopping.

Medical Conditions:

- Children who are unable to attend school for more than 15 consecutive working days for medical reasons must have alternative provision made for their continuing education.
- Individual Health Care plans will normally specify the type and level of support needed where pupils also have SEN. Provision will be delivered in a coordinated way.
- Reasonable adjustments including particular aids and services will be made to ensure pupils with disabilities are not at a substantial disadvantage compared with their peers.

Inclusion

We believe that educational inclusion is about equal opportunities for all learners, whatever their age, gender, level of attainment, ethnicity, medical impairment/ condition or background.

We pay particular attention to the provision for and achievement of different groups of learners and work to ensure that pupils and parents / carers are involved as fully as possible in decision making, planning and reviewing the provisions:

- Gender
- Minority ethnic and faith groups, travellers, asylum seekers and refugees
- Learners who need support to learn English as an additional language (EAL)
- Learners with SEN
- Learners with a disability
- More able learners
- Those 'looked after' by the Local Authority (LA)
- Others, including those who are sick, young carers and those who are in families under stress.

Every effort will be made to ensure assessments, planning and provision and review is carried out in as coordinated a way as possible.

Accessibility

The school works to ensure that access to the school curriculum, environment and to information is increased. Reasonable adjustments are made to the school environment, following advice from relevant agencies so as to meet the needs of individual learners. (See also 'Accessibility Plan'.)

Environment

We pay particular attention to our learning environment and conduct a sensory and environmental audit annually. We consider the whole school environment from the perspective of a child with SEND and act on suggestions from external professionals. We ensure that classrooms are calm

and inviting, with minimal distractions, and consider lighting, temperature and sound. Working walls are up to date and purposeful. Shared spaces are tidy, ordered and accessible.

Guidance

The Four Areas of Special Educational Needs (SEN)

- Communication and interaction
- Cognition and learning
- Social, emotional and mental health difficulties
- Sensory and/or physical needs

Communication and interaction:

Pupils with speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) have difficulty in communicating with others. They may have difficulty understanding what is said to them or in expressing what they want to say or in understanding the social rules of communication. Pupils with Autism Spectrum Disorder may have particular difficulty with social interaction.

Cognition and learning:

Pupils learn at a slower pace than their peers even with appropriate differentiation. Learning difficulties cover a wide range of needs, including moderate learning difficulties (MLD), severe learning difficulties (SLD) and profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD). Pupils may also have Special Learning Difficulty (SpLD) including Dyslexia, Dyscalculia and Developmental Co-ordination Disorder.

Social, emotional and mental health:

Difficulties may manifest in withdrawn as well as challenging and disruptive behaviour. These behaviours may reflect underlying mental health difficulties in some children, which are medically unexplained. Other pupils may have diagnosed disorders such as Attention Deficit Hyperactive Disorder (ADHD), Attention Deficit Disorder (ADD) and Attachment Disorder.

Sensory and/or physical impairment:

Pupils with a range of sensory and physical needs may need support in order to make use of the educational facilities provided. Many children with Vision Impairment (VI), Hearing Impairment (HI) or a Multi-Sensory Impairment (MSI) will require specialist support and/or equipment to access their learning, or habilitation support. Some children with a Physical Disability (PD) will require additional ongoing support and equipment to access all the opportunities available to their peers.

Admissions

Stanburn Primary School's admissions criteria does not discriminate against pupils with SEN or disabilities and has due regard for the guidance in the Code of Practice. Admission arrangements for pupils with an EHC Plan are the same as for the school as a whole.

Prior to admission, meetings take place when parents/carers have the opportunity to discuss their child's strengths and interests as well as any difficulties or disabilities.

Equal Opportunities

Stanburn Primary School's Vision is 'to nurture a community of aspirant learners to achieve excellence'. This recognises the entitlement of all children to a curriculum which is 'balanced and broadly based', with no limiting judgements, and reinforces the need for teaching that is fully inclusive. Our Personal Values of being respectful, optimistic and kind relate to all, along with our

shared Learning Behaviours – being hard-working, collaborative, curious and resilient. The Governing Body will ensure that appropriate provision is made for all pupils with SEND.

English as an Additional Language

We monitor carefully the progress of pupils with English as an additional language (EAL). If, over time, a pupil fails to make adequate progress across a range of curriculum areas, we work with the relevant agencies to assess whether their difficulties arise from a limited command of English or from special educational needs. A Home Language Assessment can be arranged to assess their proficiency in their home language before additional support is organised.

Assessment and Identification

Early identification is essential. We use a variety of sources and methods so as to identify children making less than expected progress:

- information from home, including that obtained during initial meetings with parents / carers
- information from Early Years settings or from previous schools for in-year admissions
- information from outside agencies
- observations by class teachers/support staff
- on entry and ongoing assessments (e.g. knowledge of early high frequency words, phonics, numbers, shapes and colours)
- tracking of progress and attainment in relation to age related expectations in Reading, Writing and Maths (each term)
- Early Years Foundation Stage Profile
- formal diagnostic assessments where applicable

This and any other relevant information needs to be shared by all staff concerned, including class teachers, teaching assistants, SENDCo and where necessary, the Senior Leadership Team including the Deputy Headteacher and Headteacher. It is important to remember that children come to Stanburn Primary School with different experiences. Although early identification is important, we also believe that it is important to ensure that children are given time to gain the experiences they need. Lack of experience does not equal SEN.

Persistent disruptive/withdrawn behaviour does not mean that a child has SEN. Where there are ongoing concerns, an assessment will be carried out to determine whether there are any underlying mental health concerns or learning difficulties. If family/housing circumstances are contributing to difficulties, a multi-agency approach will be needed and appropriate referrals will be made.

Arrangements for providing access to information, learning and the curriculum (see also School Accessibility Plan)

- The school will ensure that all children have access to a 'balanced and broadly based' curriculum, and that the National Curriculum's programmes of study are flexible enough to meet every child's needs. (No child will be excluded from any learning activity due to their impairment or learning difficulty, unless it is clearly of benefit to that individual and leads towards inclusion.)
- Learning opportunities will be absorbing, rewarding and effectively adapted as appropriate, and the teaching styles will be diverse.

- Staff will work in a way to avoid the isolation of the children they are supporting and will encourage peer tutoring and collaborative learning.
- Adaptive teaching provides the opportunity for all pupils to experience success by:
 - adapting lessons, whilst maintaining high expectations
 - balancing input of new content so that pupils master important concepts
 - making effective use of teaching assistants.
- We adapt printed materials so that children with literacy difficulties can access them, or ensure access by pairing children/peer support/extra adult support.
- Alternative methods of responding or recording are encouraged where appropriate, to suit the individual needs of the pupil.
- We use a range of assessment procedures within lessons (such as recording, role-play and drama, video, drawing) to ensure children with additional needs are able to demonstrate their achievement appropriately.
- Children with sensory or mobility impairments or a specific learning difficulty may access the curriculum through specialist resources and/or assistive technology, where this is appropriate.
- The school will ensure that the 'hidden curriculum' and extra-curricular activities are barrier free and do not exclude any pupils.
- Details of our planned targets for improving access to information and increasing access to the curriculum are contained in our Accessibility Plan.

Incorporating disability issues into the curriculum

- The Personal Social Health Education (PSHE) curriculum and Relationships and Health Education (RHE) curriculum include issues of disability, difference and valuing diversity. School leaders will seek advice from appropriate organisations regarding effective inclusive resources.
- The library resources are regularly reviewed to ensure they include books that reflect the range of 'special educational needs' issues and come from a disability equality perspective, and priority is given to the ordering of books with positive images and a positive portrayal of disabled people as they become available.

Assessment for Learning

We place great emphasis on ensuring that ongoing assessments are used to plan appropriate provision (see Assessment Policy).

Other assessments include:

- Review of short term targets
- Annual reviews
- SATs
- Standardised reading tests
- Formal diagnostic assessments.

Record Keeping

Stanburn Primary School will record the steps taken to meet children's needs and other relevant information. The SENDCo will maintain these records, including those provided by previous schools/settings, outside agencies and services and ensure access to them. Every effort will be made to ensure records are kept in a clear, accessible format.

SEN Register

Placing pupils on the SEN register can be triggered by concern and evidence that children are making less than expected progress. This can be characterised by progress which:

- is significantly slower than that of their peers, starting from the same baseline
- fails to match or better child's previous rate of progress
- fails to close the attainment gap between the child and their peers
- widens the attainment gap

Other triggers:

- serious cognition / social / emotional / physical / sensory / communication difficulties
- attainment significantly below age related expectations
- Wave 2 interventions have not led to significant improvement.

An early discussion with parents will take place relating to:

- pupil's areas of strength and difficulties
- agreed outcomes for the child and review date
- the local authority's information advice and support services

When it is decided that a child has SEN this decision will be recorded and parents will be told formally that special educational provision is being made.

Support

Once a child has been identified as having SEND we provide a graduated response as advocated in the Code of Practice. Support will take the form of a 4 part cycle and will be led by the class teacher in partnership with the SENDCo (See Appendix A).

Appropriate records should be kept by teaching and support staff. Parents/carers should also be regularly informed of progress.

Part 1: Assess

All relevant information should be included:

- teacher assessment and experience
- previous progress and attainment
- development in comparison to peers and national data
- parental views and experience
- pupils' own views
- advice from external agencies / professionals.

Part 2: Plan

Parents will be notified of any SEND provision. The teacher and SENDCo should agree in consultation with parents and pupils the interactions, support and any adjustments that are needed. It should also be agreed what the expected impact on progress, development or behaviour will be and a date for review will be set.

The information will be shared with all relevant staff and professionals including appropriate strategies and approaches required.

Support should be based on meeting the agreed learning outcomes and on reliable evidence of effectiveness.

The school will aim to work in partnership with parents to provide appropriate support at home and at school.

Part 3: Do

The class teacher is responsible for working with pupils with SEND on a daily basis. Where interventions are outside the main classroom, the teacher remains responsible for the pupil. The teacher will work closely with teaching assistants / specialist staff to plan and assess the impact of any intervention. The SENDCo will work with the class teacher to carry out further assessments and provide advice.

Part 4: Review

The effectiveness of the intervention and impact on pupil progress will be reviewed as agreed. The quality of the intervention will be evaluated and the views of parents and pupil sought.

In light of this evaluation the class teacher and SENDCo will revise the support and if necessary make changes to the outcomes in consultation with parents and pupil.

When a pupil has an Education, Health and Care Plan, the Local Authority will review this plan at least every 12 months.

Specialist involvement

The school works closely with a range of outside specialist agencies and professionals. When a child continues to make less than expected progress, a referral to one or more of these agencies may be made. This will be done with the agreement of parents and will be recorded.

Specialist agencies are:

- The Education Psychology Service (EPS)
- Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)
- Specialist teachers for pupils with learning, visual or hearing impairments and ASD
- Therapists including Speech and Language Therapists, Occupational Therapists, Physiotherapists and Counsellors.

The SENDCo, specialists and class teachers will work together with parents to develop an effective range of teaching strategies and interventions so as to promote pupil progress. Outcomes will be agreed and a date for review will be set.

Arrangements for Professional Development for all staff, in relation to SEND

The professional development of all staff involved in meeting the needs of pupils with SEND is ongoing and continuous. A wide range of training opportunities is provided which includes:

- Skill sharing and the demonstration of teaching techniques and strategies organised within the school

- Professional development sessions and one-off sessions on relevant subjects provided by SEND specialists
- Attendance at courses offered by external providers, accredited and non-accredited, as part of the school's appraisal process
- Other courses which are relevant to the work being undertaken. This can be generated by staff interest or can be undertaken at the request of the SENDCo.

Consultation with Parents

The school will ensure parents are involved as fully as possible in the process of assessment, planning, provision of support and review of progress. Discussions will be led by the class teacher supported when appropriate by the SENDCo.

Meetings will be in line with the normal cycle of parent consultations with allowance made when additional time is needed. Additional meetings will also be arranged as and when they are needed. Pupils' views will be taken into account, either through their attendance or by gathering their views prior to the meeting.

Records of these meetings including outcomes, action and support will be kept.

Education, Health and Care Plans (EHC)

Following the graduated approach outlined above, and when in spite of additional appropriate special educational provision being made, a child continues to make less than expected progress, an EHC needs assessment may be required.

Those who can request an EHC needs assessment are:

- Parents
- Young persons between 16 and 25
- A person acting on behalf of a school or other educational institution
- Others including: foster carers, health and social care professionals, early years practitioners.

Once a request is made to the LA a decision must be made within 6 weeks and communicated to parents.

The LA must notify parents of any request not made by the parents themselves.

The LA will consider:

- The views and concerns of the parents
- Evidence of the child's attainment and rate of progress
- Information about the nature, extent and context of the SEND
- Evidence of actions already taken to meet the child's needs
- Evidence that where progress has been made it has only been as a result of much additional intervention and above what is normally provided
- Evidence of the child's emotional, social and health needs.

The Local Authority must consult both the parents and child throughout the assessment process. Their wishes and aspirations should be taken into account and they should be part of the decision making process.

Where the Local Authority decides against doing an EHC assessment of needs, this decision will be communicated to parents within a maximum of 6 weeks of reviewing the request.

If the LA agrees that an assessment of needs should be carried out, this will also be communicated to parents within 6 weeks. Information will then be gathered from all relevant agencies.

If the LA decides, following an EHC needs assessment, not to issue an EHC plan, it must inform the child's parent or the young person within 16 weeks from the request for the EHC needs assessment

If the EHC plan is agreed, a draft plan will be drawn up. Parents and pupils have 15 calendar days in which to respond and express a preference for a school and seek agreement for any personal budget.

The LA will then consult the Headteacher of the school before naming them in the EHC plan. The school should respond within 15 calendar days.

Any amendments to the draft plan and a final plan will be issued by the LA within 20 weeks of the initial request being submitted. Parents and pupils have a right to appeal. Every effort will be made by the school and by the LA to ensure that the plan is drawn up in a collaborative way and that parents and pupils are able to express their concerns and aspirations. There will also be a strong focus on ensuring plans set out clear outcomes. Those who are responsible for delivering these outcomes will be named and plans will be reviewed at least annually. Any short term targets will also be reviewed regularly and appended to the EHC plan. Reviews will normally be held at the school. Information and advice for the reviews should be submitted 2 weeks prior to the meeting and the LA's decision regarding the EHC plan will be made within 4 weeks.

Personal Budgets

The LA sets out detailed information about Personal Budgets in the 'Local Offer'.

Special Educational Provision - EHCPs

The special educational provision listed on EHCPs will be carefully managed to balance the additional provision required to meet the child's needs with the overall aim of increasing their independence so that they leave school with the necessary skills to thrive in the next stage of their education. In place alongside our ordinarily available provision, our special educational provision will vary according to the child's needs and will be subject to termly review.

Additionally Resourced Mainstream Provision (ARMS) - Sunbeams

Additionally Resourced Mainstream schools operate as part of Harrow's Local Offer, providing specialist places for a small number of children and young people with higher levels of SEND. Stanburn Primary School has an ARMS provision called 'Sunbeams' for pupils with moderate learning difficulties who have an EHC Plan. Harrow manage the placement and funding of the provision. The admissions criteria can be found here: <https://www.harrow.gov.uk/send-local-offer/special-education-provision>.

Transition

There will be a strong focus on ensuring that transitions are well planned. Key transfers are:

- Early Years provider to the primary school
- Key Stage 1 to Key Stage 2
- Primary to Secondary School

The review and any amendments must be completed by 15th February in the calendar year of the transfer.

EYFS

It should be considered whether it is appropriate to review an EHC plan for a child under 5 every 3 – 6 months. These reviews may not need to include the full range of professionals but must ensure parents are fully consulted about any changes to the EHC plan and made aware of their right to appeal to the Tribunal.

Re-assessments

When a pupil's needs change significantly a re-assessment of needs may be required. This must be done if a parent, young person or the Governing Body or Headteacher of the school requests this. The LA may also initiate a re-assessment if it thinks this is necessary. If less than 6 months have passed since the last assessment was carried out, the LA can refuse. The LA must respond within 15 calendar days of receiving any request and parents have a right of appeal if they decide not to carry out a re-assessment.

The Role of the SENDCo

The SENDCo is a qualified teacher and part of the senior leadership team. The SENDCo has responsibility for the operation of the SEN policy and the coordination of provision for pupils with SEND, including those with EHC plans. They work closely with teaching and support staff, with parents and with specialist agencies and outside bodies to ensure provision is as effective as possible and meets pupils' often changing needs. They provide advice on using a graduated approach to SEND support and on the deployment of the delegated budget and other resources to meet pupils' needs. They ensure records are kept up to date and that information is shared with all those working with pupils with SEND, particularly parents.

The Role of Class Teacher

Prior to the involvement of the SENDCo the class teacher should:

- Use baseline assessment to identify what the child knows, understands and can do
- Ensure ongoing observation/assessment provides feedback so that assessment forms the basis of next steps
- Involve parents
- Involve the child
- Refer to the Teachers' Standards, including the use of the National Curriculum programmes of study, effective management, ethos, learning environment and curriculum arrangements
- Use adaptive teaching and personalised learning, matching planning to individual needs as appropriate
- Take responsibility for planning and overseeing any interventions or support arrangements to address the child's learning difficulties.

The Code of Practice acknowledges the important role of the class teacher whose responsibilities include:

- Being aware of the school's procedures for the identification and assessment of, and subsequent provision, for pupils with SEND
- Working with the SENDCo to decide on action to support pupils with SEND, including appropriate adaptation of the curriculum
- Working with pupils on a daily basis to deliver any individual or group programme decided by the school and agreed by parents

- Reviewing progress and adapting the programme of support
- Developing positive relationships with parents/carers and with pupils
- Working with support staff to deliver appropriate provision
- Working with relevant outside agencies including SALT and the EPS.

The Role of the Headteacher

The Headteacher's responsibilities include:

- The day to day management of all aspects of SEND provision
- Keeping the Governing Body fully informed about SEND within the school
- Working with the SENDCo and SEND team
- Allocating the SEND budget
- Ensuring that the school has appropriate strategies for working with parents/ carers and that these strategies encourage involvement in their children's education.

The Role of the Governing Body

The Governing Body's responsibilities to pupils with SEND include:

- Ensuring that a high standard of provision is in place for SEND pupils
- Ensuring that pupils with SEND are fully involved in the life of the school
- Being involved in developing and reviewing SEND policy
- Having regard to the Code of Practice when carrying out duties.

The Role of Teaching Assistants

Teaching Assistants play a valuable role in supporting pupils with SEND.

We aim to staff every class with a Teaching Assistant alongside the Class Teacher. Teaching Assistants work in partnership with teachers to provide a consistent approach to teaching and learning within the classroom, inclusive for all learners. This will include supporting pupils with Educational, Health and Care Plans (EHCPs).

Teaching Assistants work under the supervision of class teachers and/or the SENDCo to support pupils with SEND and others identified by the class teacher.

We consider training to be an important aspect of the Teaching Assistant role and have a structured programme of CPD in place internally, with additional CPD available through our external agencies and the Local Authority.

Wherever possible, Teaching Assistants who work with pupils with EHC Plans are given appropriate training to ensure that the objectives of the EHC Plan can be met. Teaching Assistants work with the SENDCo and outside specialists, including Speech and Language Therapists and Occupational Therapists, to ensure provision is appropriate and effective.

The Role of Parents

Partnership with parents plays a key role in enabling pupils and young people with SEND to achieve their potential. All parents and carers of pupils with special educational needs will be considered as partners and supported to play an active and valued role in their children's education. Helping their child at home will be an important part of the support provided.

The SENDCo and Headteacher will monitor and evaluate pupil progress by:

- Consideration of each pupil's success in meeting short term targets and EHC Plan outcomes
- Use of standardised tests including Reading and Maths tests
- Evidence from Annual Review Meetings.

Class Teachers will evaluate a pupil's progress against their identified targets/ objectives for Reading, Writing and Maths alongside outcomes for communication and interaction, social, emotional and mental health and physical and sensory needs.

The Role of Pupils

The pupil's views will always be ascertained, but this may not be through direct discussion with the pupil. Pupils will be enabled and encouraged to participate in all decision-making processes in education, including the setting of learning targets and contributing to personal plans, discussions about choices of schools, contributions to the assessment of their needs and termly reviews and transition meetings. They need to be part of the process, to know that they are listened to and that their views are valued.

Complaints

Any complaints can be discussed informally, in the first instance, with a member of staff or school governor. A formal complaint can be made through the school's procedure as set out in the school's Complaints Policy and if the matter remains unresolved, to the Local Authority. A written response will be provided. Parents have a right to appeal and if they remain concerned after following the local procedure, they can go to the Department for Education – School Complaints Unit.

Pupils looked after by the Local Authority

Any pupil who is looked after by the Local Authority and is identified as having SEND will be closely monitored and every effort will be made to ensure the process of assessment and planning and review is undertaken as quickly as possible, including any request for an EHC assessment of needs.

The school will work closely with all relevant professionals including the

- Social worker
- Designated doctor or nurse
- Independent Reviewing Officer (IRO)

and will ensure any EHC Plan works in harmony with the pupil's Care Plan including a Personal Education Plan (PEP) and a Health Plan. The EHC should not duplicate information already in these plans.

Children of Service Personnel

Every effort will be made to ensure children of Service Personnel who have SEND are not disadvantaged.

Records will be transferred between the schools and any new setting using the Pupil Information Profile for Service Children (CEAS).

Service related issues will be considered at any reviews and access to assessment and interventions will be considered on the basis of need and not the amount of time left in the school.

Service Pupil Premium funding can be used to support the needs of service pupils with SEND.

Resolving Disagreements

The Local Authority sets out arrangements for Disagreement Resolution in the Local Offer.

The LA makes this service available to parents and young persons. This service is impartial and use of the service is voluntary. The SEN Mediation Service can be used before deciding whether to contest decisions officially. The official process takes place via an appeal to the First-Tier Tribunal.

The tribunal hears appeals against decisions made by the LA regarding EHC needs assessments and EHC Plans.

This service is set out in the LA's Local Offer and can be used at any time.

Monitoring and Evaluation

The school will continuously monitor and evaluate the working of the SEN Policy and gather information on the following aspects:

- Number of pupils with SEND, expressed as a percentage of the school roll, and any changes to the level of support they receive
- The level of support pupils receive and the amount of progress they make
- The 'value-added' data of pupil progress
- The success of resources
- The impact of training and new approaches to meeting needs
- The identification of training needs
- The impact and outcomes of the review process
- The development of pupil participation
- Relationships with parents
- The impact of the statutory process on pupil progress
- The success of involvement of outside agencies
- The success of liaison with other schools.



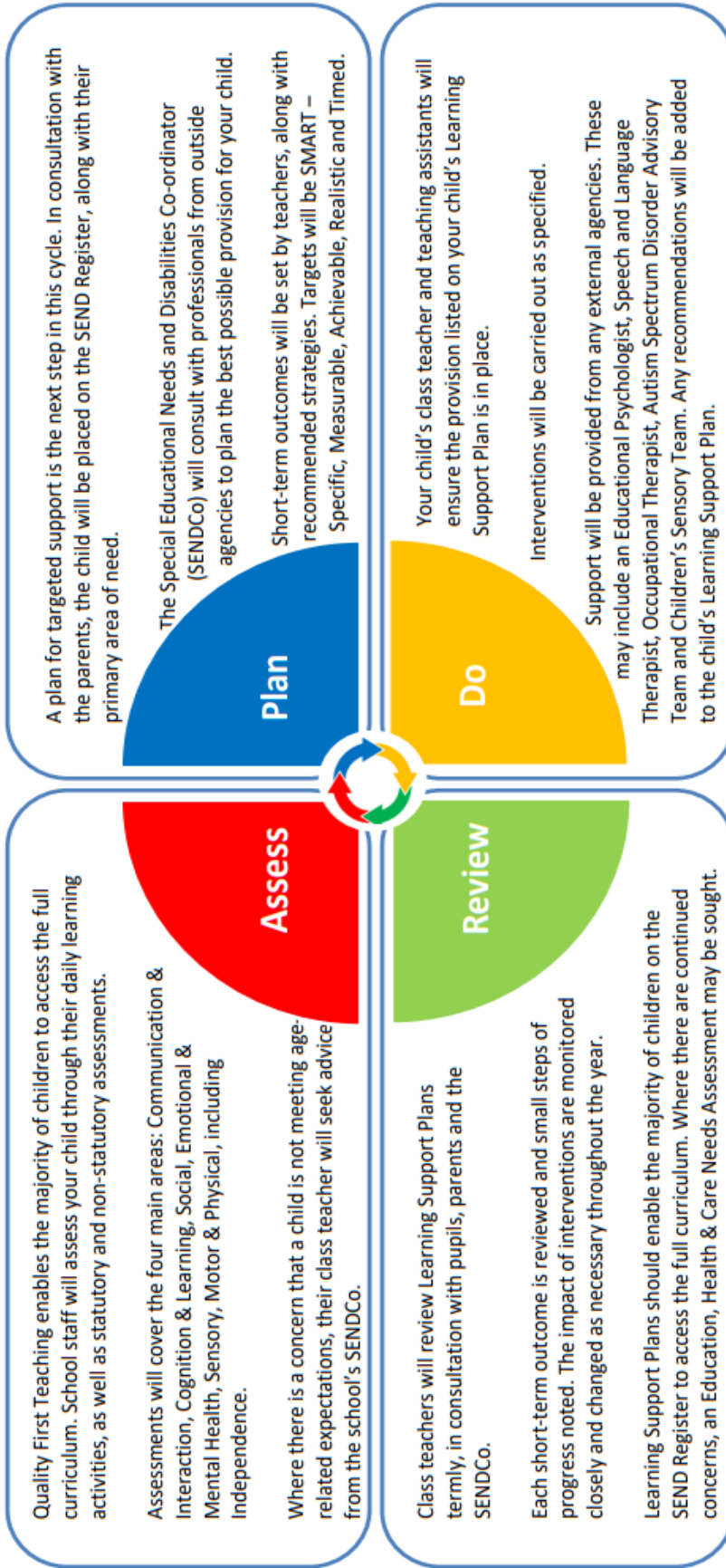
Stanburn Primary School – Our Graduated Approach for Inclusion

Believe, Achieve, Succeed - Learning without Limits.

Our vision: To nurture a community of aspirant learners to achieve excellence.



The cycle of **'Assess, Plan, Do, Review'** is followed for all children on the SEND Register. Learning Support Plans are reviewed and shared with parents termly. We value parents' contributions to these plans and actively encourage this collaborative partnership to best support the needs of the individual child. If you would like to discuss your child's progress, please speak to their class teacher.



Inclusion at Stanburn Primary School
<https://www.stanburn.harrow.sch.uk>

Harrow Local Offer
<https://www.harrow.gov.uk/send-local-offer>