Skills Progression: Design and Technology



EYFS

ELG: Fine Motor Skills

- Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery

ELG: Speaking

- Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary

ELG: Managing self

- Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including... understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

ELG: Creating with material

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.

ELG: The Natural World

Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.

Structures: Junk Modelling – Physical Development

Textiles: Bookmarks – Physical Development

Cooking and Nutrition: Food Soup – Communication and Language; Personal, Social and Emotional Development; Physical Development

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Knowledge: (National Curriculum Coverage)	products for thems based on design cr • generate, develop, communicate their talking, drawing, t and, where approp and communication Make • select from and us equipment to perfor [for example, cutti and finishing] • select from and us materials and com construction mater ingredients, accord characteristics Evaluate • explore and evaluate products • evaluate their idea against design crit Technical knowledge	model and r ideas through emplates, mock-ups oriate, information on technology e a range of tools and orm practical tasks ng, shaping, joining e a wide range of oponents, including rials, textiles and ding to their ate a range of existing as and products eria exploring how they can stiffer and more	appealing product generate, develop, sketches, cross-sec computer-aided de Make select from and us example, cutting, select from and us materials, textiles qualities Evaluate investigate and and evaluate their idea views of others to understand how keet the world Technical knowledge apply their unders structures understand and us cams, levers and lied understand and us incorporating swite	s that are fit for purpose, model and communica ctional and exploded dia esign e a wider range of tools shaping, joining and finite a wider range of mater and ingredients, accord a layse a range of existing as and products against improve their work ey events and individual tanding of how to strength tanding of how to strength to strength and individual see mechanical systems in the ches, bulbs, buzzers and individus and the strength and systems in the ches, bulbs, buzzers and strength and systems in the ches, bulbs, buzzers and strength and systems in the ches, bulbs, buzzers and strength and systems in the ches, bulbs, buzzers and strength and systems in the ches, bulbs, buzzers and strength and systems in the ches, bulbs, buzzers and strength and systems in the ches, bulbs, buzzers and strength and systems in the ches, bulbs, buzzers and systems in the ches, bulbs, buzz	erials and components, it ing to their functional products their own design critericals in design and technology of their products [for example of their products for example of their products [for example of their products for example of their products [for example of their products [for example of their products for example of their products [for example of the interproducts for example of the interproducts [for example of the interproducts for example of the interproducts for example of the interproducts [for example of the interproducts for example of	dividuals or groups liscussion, annotated tern pieces and form practical tasks [for including construction properties and aesthetic and consider the agy have helped shape force more complex imple, gears, pulleys, tole, series circuits

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	example, levers, sl	iders, wheels and				
	axles], in their pro	ducts.				
Structures	•					Playgrounds Design Designing a playground featuring a variety of different structures, giving careful consideration to how the structures will be used, considering effective and ineffective designs. Make Building a range of play apparatus structures drawing upon new and prior knowledge of structures. Measuring, marking and cutting wood to create a range of structures. Using a range of materials to
	Finding the middle of an object.Puncturing holes.					reinforce and add decoration to structures.

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	- Adding weight to structures Creating supporting structures Cutting evenly and carefully. Evaluate - Evaluating a windmill according to the design criteria, testing whether the structure is strong and stable and altering it if it isn't Suggest points for improvements.					Evaluate - Improving a design plan based on peer evaluation Testing and adapting a design to improve it as it is developed Identifying what makes a successful structure.
Textiles		Pouches Design Design Designing a pouch. Make Selecting and cutting fabrics for sewing. Decorating a pouch using fabric glue or running stitch. Threading a needle. Sewing running stitch, with evenly spaced, neat, even		Fastenings Design - Writing design criteria for a product, articulating decisions made Designing a personalised book sleeve. Make - Making and testing a paper template with accuracy and in keeping with the		

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	stitches to join fabric. Neatly pinning and cutting fabric using a template. Evaluate Troubleshooting scenarios posed by teacher. Evaluating the quality of the stitching on others' work. Discussing as a class, the success of their stitching against the success criteria. Identifying aspects of their peers' work that they particularly like and why.		design criteria. - Measuring, marking and cutting fabric using a paper template. - Selecting a stitch style to join fabric. - Working neatly by sewing small, straight stitches. - Incorporating a fastening to a design. Evaluate - Testing and evaluating an end product against the original design criteria. - Deciding how many of the criteria should be met for the product to be considered successful. - Suggesting modifications for improvement. - Articulating the advantages and disadvantages of different fastening		

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				types.		
Mechanisms/Mechanical	Making a Moving	Fairground Wheel		Making a Slingshot Car	Making a Pop-up Book	
Systems	<u>Storybook</u>	Design		Design	Design	
-	Design	 Conducting simple 		- Designing a shape	 Designing a pop- 	
	 Explaining how to 	surveys or		that reduces air	up book which	
	adapt	discussions to		resistance.	uses a mixture of	
	mechanisms,	gather opinions on		- Drawing a net to	structures and	
	using bridges or	what others need		create a structure	mechanisms.	
	guides to control	or like in a design.		from.	- Naming each	
	the movement.	- Knowing that a		- Choosing shapes	mechanism, input	
	- Designing a	survey is used to		that increase or	and output	
	moving story book	find out what		decrease speed as	accurately.	
	for a given	people like.		a result of air	- Storyboarding	
	audience.	- Using a simple		resistance.	ideas for a book.	
	Make	design brief that		- Personalising a	Make	
	 Following a design to create moving 	outlines the intended use,		design Make	 Following a design brief to make a 	
	models that use	target user, and		- Measuring,	pop up book,	
	levers and sliders.	key features of the		marking, cutting	neatly and with	
	Evaluate	product, to create		and assembling	focus on accuracy.	
	- Testing a finished	simple design		with increasing	- Making	
	product, seeing	criteria.		accuracy.	mechanisms	
	whether it moves	- Knowing that a		- Making a model	and/or structures	
	as planned and if	design brief helps		based on a chosen	using sliders,	
	not, explaining	to decide what to		design.	pivots and folds to	
	why and how it	make.		Evaluate	produce	
	can be fixed.	 Knowing that 		- Evaluating the	movement.	
	- Reviewing the	design criteria are		speed of a final	- Using layers and	
	success of a	the steps for		product based on:	spacers to hide	
	product by testing	making a product		the effect of shape	the workings of	
	it with its intended	successful.		on speed and the	mechanical parts	

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
audience.	- Creating ideas with design criteria in mind Referring to specific parts of existing products when generating ideas Knowing that the design criteria help when thinking of ideas Using labels to explain parts of a design, label materials, etc Using labels to explain parts of a design, label materials, etc Knowing that drawings can help explain how something works Knowing that a label explains part of a drawing. Make - Choosing materials, ingredients or components from a wider range of materials,		accuracy of workmanship on performance.	for an aesthetically pleasing result. Evaluate - Evaluating the work of others and receiving feedback on own work. - Suggesting points for improvement.	

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	ingredients or components Explaining their choices based on				
	the properties of materials and components. - Knowing some properties of				
	materials like hard, soft, flexible, waterproof, strong etc Following and				
	recalling simple safety instructions Knowing that some tools are				
	sharp like scissors and knives Choosing known geometric shapes when making.				
	 Beginning to shape objects to improve how they work. Knowing the 				
	names of some geometric shapes: triangle, pyramid, square, cube, circle, sphere.				

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	- Considering balance in their finishing, like evenly spaced decoration Evaluate - Discussing a range of existing products and saying what they like and dislike about them Evaluating existing products against design criteria Evaluating their ideas and creations against simple design criteria Knowing that design criteria help to decide if their product is a success Suggesting improvements to their peers' designs and products Knowing that improve means to make something				
	better.				

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		- Knowing that their suggestions can improve someone else's work.				
Digital World			Wearable Technology Design Problem solving by suggesting which features on a Micro:bit might be useful and justifying my ideas. Drawing and manipulating 2D shapes, using computer-aided design, to produce a point of sale badge. Developing design ideas through annotated sketches to create a product concept. Developing design criteria to respond to a design brief.		Monitoring Devices Design Researching (books, internet) for a particular (user's) animal's needs. Developing design criteria based on research. Generating multiple housing ideas using building bricks. Understanding what a virtual model is and the pros and cons of traditional and CAD modelling. Placing and manoeuvring 3D objects, using CAD. Changing the properties of, or combining one or more 3D objects, using CAD. Make	

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		Make - Following a list of design requirements Writing a program to control (button press) and/or monitor (sense light) that will initiate a flashing LED algorithm. Evaluate - Analysing and evaluating wearable technology Using feedback from peers to improve design.		- Understanding the functional and aesthetic properties of plastics Programming to monitor the ambient temperature and coding an (audible or visual) alert when the temperature rises above or falls below a specified range Evaluate - Stating an event or fact from the last 100 years of plastic history Explaining how plastic is affecting planet Earth and suggesting ways to make more sustainable choices Explaining key functions in my program (audible alert, visuals) Explaining how my product would be	

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Floatwicel Systems			Electric Poster		useful for an animal carer including programmed features.	Stoody Hand Como
Electrical Systems			Electric Poster Design - Carry out research based on a given topic (e.g. The Romans) to develop a range of initial ideas. - Generate a final design for the electric poster with consideration to the client's needs and design criteria. - Design an electric poster that fits the requirements of a given brief. - Plan the positioning of the bulb (circuit component) and its purpose. Make - Create a final design for the electric poster. - Mount the poster			Steady Hand Game Design Designing a steady hand game - identifying and naming the components required. Drawing a design from three different perspectives. Generating ideas through sketching and discussion. Modelling ideas through prototypes. Understanding the purpose of products (toys), including what is meant by 'fit for purpose' and 'form over function'. Make Constructing a stable base for a

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		onto corrugated card to improve its strength and allow it to withstand the weight of the circuit on the rear. - Measure and mark materials out using a template or ruler. - Fit an electrical component (bulb). - Learn ways to give the final product a higher quality finish (e.g. framing to conceal a roughly cut edge). Evaluate - Learning to give and accept constructive criticism on own work and the work of others. - Testing the success of initial ideas against the design criteria and justifying opinions. - Revisiting the requirements of the client to review developing			game. - Accurately cutting, folding and assembling a net. - Decorating the base of the game to a high quality finish. - Making and testing a circuit. - Incorporating a circuit into a base Evaluate - Constructing a stable base for a game. - Accurately cutting, folding and assembling a net. - Decorating the base of the game to a high quality finish. - Making and testing a circuit. - Incorporating a circuit. - Incorporating a circuit into a base

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
			design ideas and check that they fulfil their needs.			
Knowledge: (National Curriculum Coverage)	varied diet to prep understand where	food comes from.	 prepare and cook techniques. understand seaso reared, caught and 		ntly savoury dishes using and how a variety of ing	redients are grown,
Cooking and Nutrition	Smoothies Design Designing smoothie carton packaging by- hand. Make Chopping fruit and vegetables safely to make a smoothie. Juicing fruits safely to make a smoothie. Evaluate Tasting and evaluating different food combinations. Describing appearance, smell and taste.	Balanced Diet Design Designing three wrap ideas based on a food combination which work well together. Make Chopping foods safely to make a wrap. Constructing a wrap that meets a design brief. Grating foods to make a wrap. Snipping smaller foods instead of cutting. Evaluate Describing the	Eating Seasonally Design Designing a recipe for a savoury tart. Make Following the instructions within a recipe. Tasting seasonal ingredients. Selecting seasonal ingredients. Peeling ingredients safely. Cutting safely with a vegetable knife. Evaluate Establishing and using design criteria to help test and review dishes. Describing the	Adapting a Recipe Design - Establishing and using design criteria to help test and review dishes. - Describing the benefits of seasonal fruits and vegetables and the impact on the environment. - Suggesting points for improvement when making a seasonal tart. Make - Following a baking recipe, including the preparation of ingredients.	Developing a Recipe Design - Adapting a traditional recipe, understanding that the nutritional value of a recipe alters if you remove, substitute or add additional ingredients. - Writing an amended method for a recipe to incorporate the relevant changes to ingredients. - Designing appealing packaging to reflect a recipe.	Come Dine with Me Design - Writing a recipe, explaining the key steps, method and ingredients. - Including facts and drawings from research undertaken. Make - Following a recipe, including using the correct quantities of each ingredient. - Adapting a recipe based on research Working to a

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
information to be included on packaging. - Comparing their own smoothie with someone else's.	smell of fruit and vegetables. - Taste testing food combinations and final products. - Describing the information that should be included on a label. - Evaluating food by giving a score	benefits of seasonal fruits and vegetables and the impact on the environment. - Suggesting points for improvement when making a seasonal tart.	following basic hygiene rules. Adapting a recipe to meet the requirements of a target audience. Using a cuboid net to create packaging. Evaluate Evaluating a recipe, considering: taste, smell, texture and appearance. Describing the impact of the budget on the selection of ingredients. Evaluating and comparing a range of food products. Suggesting modifications to a recipe.	existing recipes to inform ingredient choices. Make - Cutting and preparing vegetables safely. - Using equipment safely, including knives, hot pans and hobs. - Knowing how to avoid cross-contamination. - Following a step by step method carefully to make a recipe. Evaluate - Identifying the nutritional differences between different products and recipes. - Identifying and describing healthy benefits of food groups.	given timescale. - Working safely and hygienically with independence Evaluate - Evaluating a recipe, considering: taste, smell, texture and origin of the food group. - Taste testing and scoring final products. - Suggesting and writing up points of improvements when scoring others' dishes, and when evaluating their own throughout the planning, preparation and cooking process. - Evaluating health and safety in

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
					production to minimise cross contamination.